

It's About Time... Test Review

Part I: The following questions will be fill-in-the-blank on the Time Unit test.

- B.C.** stands for _____
 - For those who don't want to measure time in a religious sense may write B.C. as _____.
 - What does this abbreviation stand for? _____
 - A.D.** stands for _____, which is Latin for "_____"
 - What event is A.D. based on? _____
 - What's the non-religious way to write A.D.? _____
 - What does this abbreviation stand for? _____
 - A **decade** is _____ years.
 - A **century** is _____ years.
 - What **century** would the following years be?

1) 200s = _____ C.	5) 1500s = _____ C.
2) 500s = _____ C.	6) 1800s = _____ C.
3) 800s = _____ C.	7) 1900s = _____ C.
4) 1100s = _____ C.	8) 2000s = _____ C.
- *Remember: To find the century, take the YEAR, divide it by 100, and ADD ONE.**
- What does **circa** mean? _____
 - When is circa used? _____
 - What are the two abbreviations for circa? _____
 - Which meridian is located at 180 degrees longitude and separates one day from the next when it's midnight along this meridian? _____
 - Which meridian is located at 0 degrees longitude and is the basis for which all other times zones are determined?

Part II: The following questions will be matching on the Time Unit test.

- Who came up with the idea of measuring time using Olympiads, which represented the 4 years between Olympic games? _____
- Who created the term **A.D.** in A.D. 525? _____
- What time period is considered **ancient**? _____
- What time period is considered **modern**? _____
- If dates/years are on the **SAME** side of the timeline, what do you do to find the number of years between?

- If dates/years are on the **OPPOSITE** side of the timeline, what do you do to find the number of years between?

Part III: On the timeline below, please complete the following steps for questions 14-18.

- 1) Label the sides B.C. and A.D. (or B.C.E. and C.E.)
- 2) To help you place the years in the correct order on the timeline, please write **#1- #5** in the blanks next to questions 14-18 below to show the dates from **earliest in history (#1)** to **most recent (#5)**.
- 3) Now place the dates in the correct order on the timeline below.

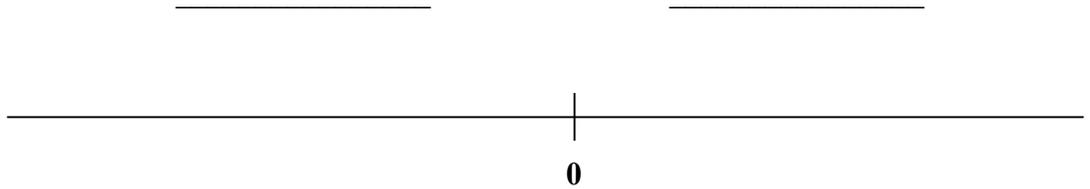
14. _____ 330 B.C.

15. _____ A.D. 1096

16. _____ A.D. 500

17. _____ 753 B.C.

18. _____ A.D. 622



Part IV: How many YEARS separate each of the following dates? Please show your work.

19. 45 **B.C.** and **A.D.** 750

20. **A.D.** 1785 and **A.D.** 2006

21. 900 **B.C.** and 300 **B.C.**

22. 700 **B.C.** and **A.D.** 450

Part V: How many DECADES separate the following dates? *Hint: Add or subtract, then divide by 10.

23. 400 B.C. and A.D. 100 → _____ decades

24. 2100 B.C. and 1600 B.C. → _____ decades

25. A.D. 310 and A.D. 1970 → _____ decades

26. 30 B.C. and A.D. 200 → _____ decades

Part VI: How many CENTURIES separate the following dates? *Hint: Add or subtract, then divide by 100.

27. 500 B.C. and A.D. 300 → _____ centuries

28. A.D. 700 and A.D. 1900 → _____ centuries

29. 1200 B.C. and A.D. 1200 → _____ centuries

30. 600 B.C. and 100 B.C. → _____ centuries